

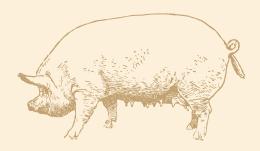
FOOD. WORTH. EATING.

RIBS

- · Rack of Ribs
- 1 teaspoon salt
- · 1 teaspoon pepper
- 1 teaspoon garlic powder
- 1 teaspoon onion powder
- 1 cup BBQ Sauce

DIRECTIONS:

- 1. Season each rack of ribs with salt, pepper, garlic, and onion powder.
- 2. Wrap them in plastic wrap and put them on a rack in a pan.
- 3. Add 1/4 inch of water to the pan.
- 4. Cover the entire pan in aluminumn foil.
- 5. Bake at 300 degrees for 3 hrs.
- 6. Remove them from plastic and cover them with BBQ Sauce.
- 7. Cook them on the grill or broil them in the oven.
- 8. At this point, they are cooked through. You are just adding the lovely crust to the outside.



SAUSAGE

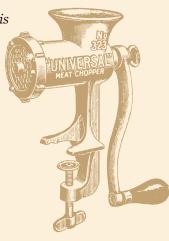
- Farm 58 Breakfast Sausage
- Skillet



DIRECTIONS:

- 1. Cut ½ inch round off the sausage and form in your hands a circular patty.
- 2. Place the patty into a medium high heated skillet (no oil required as the fat from the pork will provide the fat for the pan).
- 3. Cook both sides until browned.

Remember that the flavor is in the brown so don't be afraid to allow the meat to really caramelize.





HOME-CURED BACON

- One pound of sliced pork belly (bacon)
- 2 Tablespoons sugar
- 1 Tablespoon Salt
- 1 Pint of warm water
- 1 to 2 Shakes of liquid smoke (optional)

DIRECTIONS:

Mix 2 tablespoons of sugar and 1 tablespoon of salt in 1 pint of warm water. Add 1 or 2 shakes of liquid smoke (optional).

Place bacon in a deep glass container and cover with water mixture. Separate bacon strips so that each is fully exposed to the solution. Add a little water to cover if necessary. Cover with lid, and place in the refrigerator overnight.

To Cook:

Remove strips of bacon from water mixture and pat dry. Fry on cast iron skillet to desired crispness-hotter for squishier bacon; cooler and slower for more crisp bacon. Or use in recipes that call for bacon or salt pork.

**Tip:

Reserve the bacon fat for frying veggies, eggs, or making biscuits. It will impart a lovely bacon flavor to whatever you fry it in!

PORK CHOPS

- 4 pork chops, ½ to 1 inch thick
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1 teaspoon dried thyme
- ½ teaspoon fresh ground pepper
- 1 -2 Tablespoon(s) oil

DIRECTIONS:

- 1. Sprinkle the salt, thyme, and pepper on the pork chops.
- 2. Let sit on countertop for 30 minutes.
- 3. Place oil in large cast iron skillet (or heavy stainless steel skillet) and heat until medium hot.
- 4. Place chops in the pan, placing them so they don't touch each other.
- 5. Cook each side slowly (lower heat if necessary) until nice and golden brown on each side.
- 6. This will take about 4 minutes per side.
- 7. Cover the pan with a tight fitting lid.
- 8. Turn off the heat, and let the chops sit for about 8-10 minutes, depending on thickness of chops.
- 9. After removing chops, you can de-glaze the pan with a little water, wine or broth, and a touch of butter and serve as a sauce.

PORK SHOULDER

- One 3 to 5 pound pork shoulder or Boston Butt
- 2 Tablespoons salt
- Aluminum Foil



DIRECTIONS:

Oven:

- 1. Preheat oven to 225 degrees.
- 2. Salt heavily on all sides of pork shoulder.
- 3. Lay 2 long pieces of Aluminum Foil in a cross shape.
- 4. Place pork shoulder in the middle of foil and wrap tightly.
- 5. Place on a cookie sheet and put in the oven for 10 hours or overnight.
- 6. Let cool and then shred with fingers or a fork.

Crockpot:

- 1. Season heavily all over with salt.
- 2. Place 1 ½ inch balls of aluminum foil in a 4 or 5 quart crock pot to raise the roast above the liquids that will collect in the pot.
- 3. Place the roast into the crock pot and set on low.
- 4. Cook the roast until it is 190 to 200F internal temperature.
- 5. During the cook, the liquids collected may be removed and chilled for defatting.
- 6. Depending on how hot your crock pot cooks, this may take 6 to 10 hours on low or 4 to 5 hours on high. I recommend using temperature rather than time.
- 7. Another indication of doneness is to try to remove the blade bone by hand. If it can be easily removed, it is done.
- 8. Rest the roast until it can be pulled apart by hand or with forks. Remove fat as you pull the pork.
- 9. Wet the roast with a portion of the defatted juices and mix.